

Qty: 100 μg/200 μl Rat anti-GFAP

Catalog No. 13-0300 Lot No. See product label

Rat anti-Glial Fibrillary Acidic Protein

FORM

Liquid. Purified antibody (from culture supernatant) in PBS containing 0.1% sodium azide at a concentration of 0.5 mg/ml.

CLONE: 2.2B10⁽³⁾ ISOTYPE: Rat IgG2a-kappa

CLONING PARTNER: Sp/2

IMMUNOGEN: Enriched bovine glial filaments

SPECIFICITY

This monoclonal antibody reacts with GFAP a 55 kDa protein present in astrocytes and Bergmann-glial cells. Reactivity is not dependent on the state of phosphorylation⁽⁹⁾. GFAP was originally isolated from fibrous neuroglia of multiple sclerosis plaques.

REACTIVITY: Bovine, human and rodent.

APPLICATION

This antibody stains reactive astrocytes, that are induced by a variety of CNS injuries, in the brain of rodent and human samples.

USAGE

ELISA⁽³⁾: 0.1-0.5 μg/ml
Immunohistochemistry* 10-50 μg/ml
Immunoprecipitation:
Western Blotting⁽³⁾
Immunofluorescence^(3,12)
Flow Cytometry⁽¹²⁾

STORAGE

Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated thawing and freezing.

BACKGROUND

The 50 kDa type III intermediate filament protein glial fibrillary acidic protein (GFAP) is a major structural component of astrocytes. GFAP associates with the calcium binding protein annexin II-p2 and S-100. Association with these proteins together with phosphorylation regulates GFAP polymerization. Astroycytes respond to brain injury by proliferatin (astrogliosis), and one of the first events to occur during astrocyte proliferation is increased GFAP expression. Interestingly, antibodies to GFAP have been detected in individuals with dementia.

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^{*} This antibody is suitable for immunohistochemical staining of Bouin's-fixed, frozen or paraffin-embedded tissue sections.

REFERENCES

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