Technical Data Sheet

Purified Mouse Anti-Human Na+, K+ ATPase β3

Product Information

 Material Number:
 610993

 Size:
 150 μg

 Concentration:
 250 μg/ml

Clone: 46/Na+,K+ ATPase β3

Immunogen: Human Na+, K+ ATPase β3 aa. 124-243

 Isotype:
 Mouse IgG1

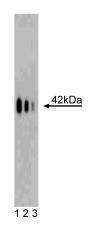
 Reactivity:
 QC Testing: Human

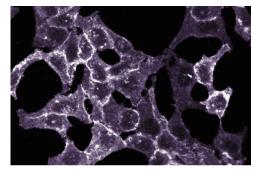
Target MW: 42 kDa

Storage Buffer: Aqueous buffered solution containing BSA, glycerol, and ≤0.09% sodium azide.

Description

Na+,K+-ATPase is an integral plasma membrane protein that maintains the intracellular concentrations of Na+ and K+ ions. It is a P class pump that is composed of two α and two β transmembrane subunits. It is also thought to contain a γ subunit. The 120 kDa α subunit represents the catalytic site. Although the 50 kDa β subunit mediates proper folding of newly synthesized α subunits, it is not directly involved in ion transfer. There are four known α isoforms (α 1, α 2, α 3, and α 4) and three β isoforms (β 1, β 2, and β 3). The Na+,K+-ATPase is ubiquitously expressed in the plasma membrane. However, the individual subunits have different tissue distributions: α 1 is ubiquitous; α 2 is in skeletal muscle, brain, and heart; α 3 is in brain and heart; α 4 is present in testis and skeletal muscle; β 1 is in most tissues; and β 2 is primarily in neural tissues. Different combinations of the α and β subunits can alter the kinetics of enzyme activity. The Na+,K+-ATPase transfers three Na+ ions out of, and two K+ ions into, the cell upon hydrolysis of one ATP molecule. Maintenance of intracellular Na+,K+ levels is necessary for volume regulation, action potentials, and secondary active transport.





Western blot analysis of Na+,K+ ATPase $\beta 3$ on a human endothelial cell lysate. Lane 1: 0.25 μ g/mL, lane 2: 0.125 μ g/mL, lane 3: 0.0625 μ g/mL of the mouse anti-human Na+, K+ ATPase $\beta 3$ antibody.

Immunofluorescence staining of HeLa cells (Human cervical epitheloid carcinoma; ATCC CCL-2).

Preparation and Storage

Store undiluted at -20°C.

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

Application Notes

Application

- 1	Western blot	Routinely Tested
	Immunofluorescence	Tested During Development

Recommended Assay Procedure:

Western blot: Please refer to http://www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols/Western_Blotting.shtml

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610993 Rev. 1 Page 1 of 2

Suggested Companion Products

Catalog Number	Name	Size	Clone
554002	HRP Goat Anti-Mouse Ig	1.0 ml	(none)
554001	FITC Goat Anti-Mouse Ig	0.5 mg	Polyclonal
611450	Human Endothelial Cell Lysate	500 μg	(none)

Product Notices

- 1. Since applications vary, each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results.
- 2. Source of all serum proteins is from USDA inspected abattoirs located in the United States.
- Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.
- 4. Please refer to www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols for technical protocols.

References

Hernando N, Martin-Vasallo P, Ghosh S, Ghosh PK, Swaroop A, Coca-Prados M. Nucleotide sequence of a cDNA for the beta 2 subunit isoform of Na+,K(+) -ATPase from human retina. *Biochim Biophys Acta*. 1994; 1189(1):109-111. (Biology)

Malik N, Canfield VA, Beckers MC, Gros P, Levenson R. Identification of the mammalian Na,K-ATPase 3 subunit. *J Biol Chem.* 1996; 271(37):22754-22758. (Biology)

Stengelin MK, Hoffman JF. Na,K-ATPase subunit isoforms in human reticulocytes: evidence from reverse transcription-PCR for the presence of alpha1, alpha3, beta2, beta3, and gamma. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A.* 1997; 94(11):5943-5948. (Biology)

610993 Rev. 1 Page 2 of 2