Technical Data Sheet

APC-H7 Mouse Anti-Human CD19

Product Information

 Material Number:
 560177

 Size:
 100 tests

 Vol. per Test:
 5 μl

 Clone:
 SJ25C1

 Isotype:
 Mouse IgG1, κ

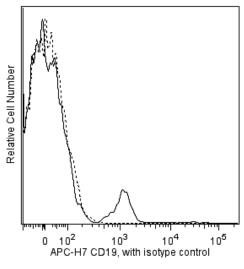
 Reactivity:
 QC Testing: Human

 Workshop:
 II L17; III 073

Storage Buffer: Aqueous buffered solution containing BSA and ≤0.09% sodium azide.

Description

The SJ25C1 antibody reacts with CD19, a B lymphocyte-lineage differentiation antigen. CD19, a 90-kDa transmembrance glycoprotein, is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily and is expressed throughout B-lymphocyte development from the pro-B cell through the mature B-cell stages. Terminally differentiated plasma cells do not express CD19. On the surface of mature B cells, the CD19 molecule associates with CD21 (CR-2) and CD81 (TAPA-1), and this multimolecular complex synergizes with surface immunoglobulin to promote cellular activation. Studies with CD19-deficient mice have suggested that the level of CD19 expression affects the generation and maturation of B cells in the bone marrow and periphery. B-1 lineage B cells, also known as CD5+ B cells, are drastically reduced or absent in CD19-deficient mice. Increased levels of CD19 expression correlate with increased frequencies of peritonal and splenic B-1 cells and reduced numbers of conventional B lymphocytes in the periphery. CD19 participates in B-lymphocyte development, B-cell activation, maturation of memory B cells and regulation of tolerance. CD19 has also been detected on peritoneal mast cells, co-localized with CD21/CD35, and it is proposed to play a role in complement-mediated mast-cell activation.



Flow cytometric analysis of APC-H7 anti-human CD19 on human lymphocytes. Whole blood was stained with APC-H7 anti-human CD19 (clone SJ25C1, Cat. No. 560177) and compared to whole blood stained with a APC-H7 mouse IgG1 isotype control (clone MOPC-21, Cat. No. 560167). The isotype control is represented by a dashed line and the APC-H7 anti-human CD19 by the solid line. Lymphocytes were selected by light scatter profile. Flow cytometry was performed on a BD™ LSR II flow cytometry system.

Preparation and Storage

Store undiluted at 4° C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

The antibody was conjugated with APC-H7 under optimum conditions, and unconjugated antibody and APC-H7 were removed.

Application Notes

Application

Flow cytometry Routinely Tested

BD Biosciences

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560177 Rev. 2

Suggested Companion Products

Catalog Number	Name	Size	Clone
560167	APC-H7 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control	0.1 mg	MOPC-21

Product Notices

- This reagent has been pre-diluted for use at the recommended Volume per Test. We typically use 1 × 10e6 cells in a 100-µl experimental sample (a test).
- 2. Please refer to www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols for technical protocols.
- 3. Since applications vary, each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results.
- 4. BD APC-H7 is a tandem conjugate and an analog of APC-Cy^{TM7} with the same spectral properties. It has decreased intensity but it is engineered for greater stability and less spillover in the APC channel and consequently offers better performance than APC-Cy7. It has an absorption maximum of approximately 650 nm. When excited by light from a red laser, the APC fluorochrome can transfer energy to the cyanine dye, which then emits at a longer wavelength. The resulting fluorescent emission maximum is approximately 767 nm. BD recommends that a 750-nm longpass filter be used along with a red-sensitive detector such as the Hamamatsu R3896 PMT. As with APC-Cy7 special filters are required when using APC-H7 in conjunction with APC.
 - Note: Although our APC-H7 products demonstrate higher lot-to lot consistency than other APC tandem conjugate products, and every effort is made to minimize the lot-to-lot variation in residual emission from APC, it is strongly recommended that every lot be tested for differences in the amount of compensation required and that individual compensation controls are run for each APC-H7 conjugate. Note: CyTM is a trademark of Amersham Biosciences Limited.
- 5. Although BD APC-H7 is engineered to minimize spillover to the APC channel and is more stable and less affected by light, temperature, and formaldehyde-based fixatives, compared to other APC-cyanine tandem dyes, it is still good practice to minimize as much as possible, any light, temperature and fixative exposure when working with all fluorescent conjugates.
- For fluorochrome spectra and suitable instrument settings, please refer to our Fluorochrome Web Page at www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/colors.
- Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before
 discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.
- 8. Source of all serum proteins is from USDA inspected abattoirs located in the United States.

References

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Knapp W, Dorken B, Rieber EP, et al, ed. Leucocyte Typing IV. New York: Oxford University Press; 1989.(Biology)

Bradbury LE, Goldmacher VS, Tedder TF. The CD19 signal transduction complex of B lymphocytes. Deletion of the CD19 cytoplasmic domain alters signal transduction but not complex formation with TAPA-1 and Leu 13. *J Immunol*. 1993; 151(6):2915-2927.(Biology)

Inaoki M, Sato S, Weintraub BC, Goodnow CC, Tedder TF. CD19-regulated signaling thresholds control peripheral tolerance and autoantibody production in B lymphocytes. *J Exp Med.* 1997; 186(11):1923-1931.(Biology)

Nadler LM, Anderson KC, Marti G, et al. B4, a human B lymphocyte-associated antigen expressed on normal, mitogen-activated, and malignant B lymphocytes. *J Immunol.* 1983; 131(1):244-250.(Biology)

Sato S, Ono N, Steeber DA, Pisetsky DS, Tedder TF. CD19 regulates B lymphocyte signaling thresholds critical for the development of B-1 lineage cells and autoimmunity. *J Immunol.* 1996; 157(10):4371-4378.(Biology)

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