

Technical Data Sheet

Purified Mouse Anti-human HLA-G Denatured

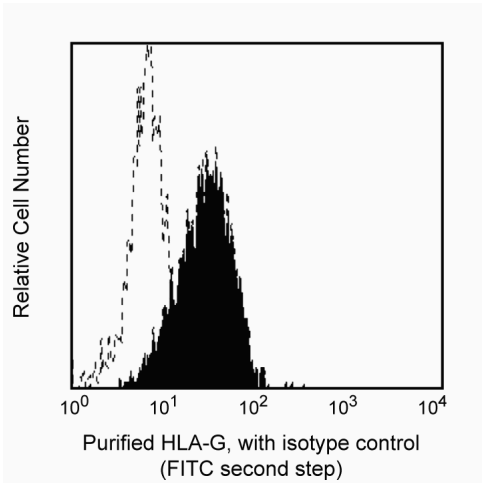
Product Information

Material Number:	557577
Size:	0.1 mg
Concentration:	0.5 mg/ml
Clone:	4H84
Isotype:	Mouse IgG1, κ
Reactivity:	QC Testing: Human
Workshop:	NA
Storage Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing ≤0.09% sodium azide.

Description

HLA-G is a HLA class I molecule, but it is distinct from other class I molecules because of its quasi-monomorphism and restricted tissue distribution. It can be expressed as seven distinct protein forms. HLA-G1, -G2, G3, and -G4 are membrane bound while HLA-G5, -G6, and G7 are soluble. HLA-G is expressed in healthy individuals on amniocytes and cytotrophoblasts in the amnion-chorion. HLA-G interacts with inhibitory receptors such as ILT-2, ILT-4, p49 and KIR2DL4 expressed on NK cells, shifts the cytokine balance towards Th2 dominance, suppresses the proliferation of allogeneic CD4 lymphocytes and, in its soluble form, induces apoptosis of activated CD8 cells and inhibits cytolysis by NK cells.

This antibody is routinely tested by flow cytometric analysis. Other applications were tested at BD Biosciences Pharmingen during antibody development only or reported in the literature.



Profile of human HLA-G (denatured) reactivity on fixed, permeabilized JEG-3 cell line analyzed by flow cytometry. Fixed and permeabilized with Cat. No. 554714. Second step staining with Cat. No. 555988.

Preparation and Storage

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography. Store undiluted at 4° C.

Application Notes

Application

Flow cytometry	Routinely Tested
Western blot	Tested During Development
Immunohistochemistry-frozen	Tested During Development
Immunohistochemistry-paraffin	Tested During Development

BD Biosciences

bdbiosciences.com				
United States	Canada	Europe	Japan	Asia Pacific
877.232.8995	888.259.0187	32.53.720.550	0120.8555.90	65.6861.0633
Latin America/Caribbean				
55.11.5185.9995				

For country-specific contact information, visit bdbiosciences.com/how_to_order/

Conditions: The information disclosed herein is not to be construed as a recommendation to use the above product in violation of any patents. BD Biosciences will not be held responsible for patent infringement or other violations that may occur with the use of our products. Purchase does not include or carry any right to resell or transfer this product either as a stand-alone product or as a component of another product. Any use of this product other than the permitted use without the express written authorization of Becton Dickinson and Company is strictly prohibited.

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Not for resale.

BD, BD Logo and all other trademarks are the property of Becton, Dickinson and Company. ©2006 BD



Recommended Assay Procedure:

This product is routinely tested on fixed and permeabilized (BD Cytotfix/Cytoperm™, Cat. No. 554714) JEG-3 cell line by flow cytometry. It's also suitable for Western blotting and for staining acetone-fixed frozen tissue sections at 1-10 µg/ml and formalin fixed paraffin tissue sections at 1-10 µg/ml with citrate buffer pretreatment.

Suggested Companion Products

Catalog Number	Name	Size	Clone
555746	Purified Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control	0.1 mg	MOPC-21
555988	FITC Goat Anti-Mouse IgG/IgM	0.5 mg	Polyclonal

Product Notices

1. Since applications vary, each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results.
2. Please refer to www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols for technical protocols.
3. Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.

References

Dorling A, Monk NJ, Lechler RI. HLA-G inhibits the transendothelial migration of human NK cells. *Eur J Immunol.* 2000; 30(2):586-593.(Biology)
King A, Allan DS, Bowen M, et al. HLA-E is expressed on trophoblast and interacts with CD94/NKG2 receptors on decidual NK cells. *Eur J Immunol.* 2000; 30(6):1623-1631.(Biology)
Le Bouteiller P, Blaschitz A. The functionality of HLA-G is emerging. *Immunol Rev.* 1999; 167:233-244.(Biology)
Le Bouteiller P, Solier C, Proll J, Aguerre-Girr M, Fournel S, Lenfant F. Placental HLA-G protein expression in vivo: where and what for. *Hum Reprod Update.* 1999; 5(3):223-233.(Biology)
Le Gal FA, Riteau B, Sedlik C, et al. HLA-G-mediated inhibition of antigen-specific cytotoxic T lymphocytes. *Int Immunol.* 1999; 11(8):1351-1356.(Biology)
McMaster M, Zhou Y, Shorter S, et al. HLA-G isoforms produced by placental cytotrophoblasts and found in amniotic fluid are due to unusual glycosylation. *J Immunol.* 1998; 160(12):5922-5928.(Clone-specific: Immunohistochemistry, Western blot)