Technical Data Sheet

FITC Mouse Anti-Human CD16

Product Information

Material Number: 556618 Size: 50 tests 20 ul Vol. per Test: Clone: 3G8 Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Reactivity: Human

QC Testing: Baboon, Rhesus, Cynomolgus

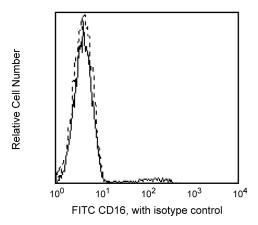
Workshop: IV N409

Aqueous buffered solution containing BSA and ≤0.09% sodium azide. Storage Buffer:

Description

The 3G8 monoclonal antibody specifically binds to the 50-65 kDa transmembrane form of the IgG Fc Receptor (FcγRIII), a human NK-cell-associated antigen. CD16 is expressed on NK cells as well as macrophages and granulocytes. Reports indicate that CD16 plays a role in signal transduction and NK cell activation. The 3G8 antibody blocks the binding of soluble immune complexes to granulocytes.

This clone also cross-reacts with a subset of perripheral blood lymphocytes and monocytes, but not granulocytes, of baboon and both rhesus and cynomolgus macaque monkeys. Multi-color analysis reveals that the distribution on lymphocytes is similar to that found in human studies, with the majority of CD16-positive lymphocytes being both CD3 and CD20 negative.



Profile of anti-CD16 reactivity on peripheral blood lymphocytes of rhesus macaque (Macaca mulatta) analyzed by flow cytometry

Preparation and Storage

Store undiluted at 4°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

The antibody was conjugated with FITC under optimum conditions, and unreacted FITC was removed.

Application Notes

Application

Flow cytometry Routinely Tested

Suggested Companion Products

Catalog Number	Name	Size	Clone
556649	FITC Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control	50 tests	MOPC-21
554656	Stain Buffer (FBS)	500 ml	(none)

Product Notices

- This reagent has been pre-diluted for use at the recommended Volume per Test. We typically use $1 \times 10^{\circ}6$ cells in a 100-µl experimental
- Source of all serum proteins is from USDA inspected abattoirs located in the United States.

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- 3. Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.
- 4. An isotype control should be used at the same concentration as the antibody of interest.
- 5. For fluorochrome spectra and suitable instrument settings, please refer to our Fluorochrome Web Page at www.bdbiosciences.com/colors.
- 6. Please refer to www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols for technical protocols.

References

Knapp W, Dorken B, Rieber EP, et al, ed. *Leucocyte Typing IV*. New York: Oxford University Press; 1989:1-1208. (Clone-specific) Sopper S, Stahl-Hennig C, Demuth M, Johnston IC, Dorries R, ter Meulen V. Lymphocyte subsets and expression of differentiation markers in blood and lymphoid organs of rhesus monkeys. *Cytometry*. 1997; 29(4):351-362. (Biology)

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