Technical Data Sheet

FITC Active Caspase-3 Apoptosis Kit

Product Information

Material Number: 550480

Reactivity: QC Testing: Human

Tested in Development: Mouse

Component: 51-68654X

Description: FITC Rabbit Anti- Active Caspase-3 (CPP32; Yama; Apopain)

Size: 100 Tests (1 ea)

Vol. per Test: 20 μl Clone Name: 292-605

Immunogen: Human Active Caspase-3 Fragment

Isotype: Rabbit IgC

Storage Buffer: Aqueous buffered solution containing BSA and ≤0.09% sodium azide.

Component: 51-6896KC

Description: Cytofix/Cytoperm™ Fixation and Permeabilization Solution (1X)

Size: 65 ml (1 ea)

Storage Buffer: Aqueous buffered solution containing paraformaldehyde and saponin.

Component: 51-6897KC

Description: Perm/Wash™ Buffer (10X Solution)

Size: 65 ml (1 ea)

Storage Buffer: Aqueous buffered solution containing saponin, fetal bovine serum and $\leq 0.09\%$

sodium azide.

Description

The caspase family of cysteine proteases plays a key role in apoptosis and inflammation. Caspase-3 is a key protease that is activated during the early stages of apoptosis and, like other members of the caspase family, is synthesized as an inactive pro-enzyme that is processed in cells undergoing apoptosis by self-proteolysis and/or cleavage by another protease. The processed forms of caspases consist of large (17-22 kDa) and small (10-12 kDa) subunits which associate to form an active enzyme. Active caspase-3, a marker for cells undergoing apoptosis, consists of a heterodimer of 17 and 12 kDa subunits which is derived from the 32 kDa pro-enzyme. Active caspase-3 proteolytically cleaves and activates other caspases, as well as relevant targets in the cytoplasm, e.g., D4-GDI and Bcl-2, and in the nucleus (e.g. PARP). This antibody has been reported to specifically recognize the active form of caspase-3 in human and mouse cells. It has not been reported to recognize the pro-enzyme form of caspase-3.

Preparation and Storage

Store undiluted at 4°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

Application Notes

Application

Intracellular staining (flow cytometry) Routinely Tested

Recommended Assay Procedure:

Induction of Apoptosis by Camptothecin

Materials

- 1. Prepare a 1.0 mM stock solution of Camptothecin (Sigma-Aldrich Cat. No. C-9911) in DMSO. Camptothecin, an extract of the Chinese tree *Camptotheca acuminata*, is a potent inhibitor of topoisomerase I, a molecule required for DNA synthesis. Camptothecin has been reported to induce apoptosis in a dose dependent manner *in vitro*.
- 2. Jurkat cells (Human T-cell leukemia; ATCC TIB-152).

Procedure

- 1. Add camptothecin (4-6 μM final concentration) to 1x10⁶ /ml proliferating Jurkat cells.
- 2. Incubate the cells for 4 hr at 37°C.

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Active Caspase-3 Staining Protocol

Procedure

- 1. Determine total amount of experimental samples (tests) and calculate the amount of BD Perm/Wash™ buffer (1X) and antibody you will need so that each test will have 100 μl BD Perm/WashTM buffer (1X) and 20 μl antibody (see chart).
- 2. Dilute the needed amount of BD Perm/Wash™ buffer (10X) 1:10 in distilled water prior to use.

Note: Precipitate may be occassionally observable with the BD Perm/WashTM buffer (10X) which will not effect performance of the buffer. The precipitate may be removed by filtering the 1X solution through a 0.45 µm filter.

- 3. Wash cells twice with cold 1X PBS, then resuspend cells in BD Cytofix/CytopermTM solution at a concentration of 1x10⁶ cells/0.5 ml.
- 4. Incubate cells for 20 min on ice.
- 5. Pellet cells, aspirate, and discard BD Cytofix/CytopermTM solution; wash twice with BD Perm/WashTM buffer (1X) at a volume of 0.5 ml buffer/1x10e6 cells at room temperature.
- 6. Resuspend cells in the above calculated BD Perm/Wash™ buffer (1X) plus antibody and incubate for 30 min at room temperature.
- 7. Wash each test in 1.0 ml BD Perm/Wash™ buffer (1X), then resuspend the test in 0.5 ml BD Perm/Wash™ buffer (1X) and analyze by flow

Danger: Cytofix/Cytoperm Fixation and Permeabilization Solution (1X) (component 51-6896KC) contains 4.2% formaldehyde.

Hazard statements

Harmful if inhaled.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

May cause cancer. Route of exposure: Inhalative.

May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements

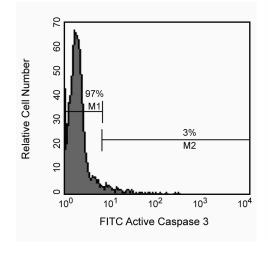
Wear protective clothing / eye protection.

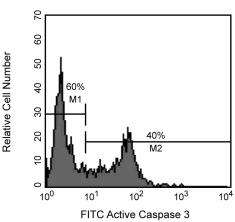
Wear protective gloves.

Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Number of Tests	Number of cells	Perm/Wash™ Volume (ml)	Antibody Volume (μl)
1	1x10 ⁶	0.10	20
5	5x10 ⁶	0.50	100
10	10x10 ⁶	1.00	200
20	20x10 ⁶	2.00	400





Flow cytometric analysis of apoptotic and non-apoptotic populations for active caspase-3. Jurkat cells (Human T-cell leukemia; ATCC TIB-152) were left untreated (left panel) or treated for 4 hr with camptothecin (right panel) to induce apoptosis. Cells were permeabilized, fixed, and stained for active caspase-3 as described in the accompanying Staining Protocol. Cells were then analyzed by flow cytometry. Untreated cells were primarily negative for the presence of active caspase-3, whereas greater than one third of the treated cells were positive for active caspase-3 staining (right panel, M2).

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Product Notices

- 1. This reagent has been pre-diluted for use at the recommended Volume per Test. We typically use 1×10^6 cells in a 100- μ l experimental sample (a test).
- 2. Source of all serum proteins is from USDA inspected abattoirs located in the United States.
- 3. Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.
- 4. Please refer to www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols for technical protocols.

Rafarancas

Alnemri ES, Livingston DJ, Nicholson DW, et al. Human ICE/CED-3 protease nomenclature. *Cell.* 1996; 87(2):171. (Biology)
Fujita N, Tsuruo T. Involvement of Bcl-2 cleavage in the acceleration of VP-16-induced U937 cell apoptosis. *Biochem Biophys Res Commun.* 1998; 246(2):484-488. (Biology)

Patel T, Gores GJ, Kaufmann SH. The role of proteases during apoptosis. FASEB J. 1996; 10(5):587-597. (Biology)



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