

## Technical Data Sheet

## FITC Rat Anti-Mouse Ly-6G and Ly-6C

## Product Information

<b>Material Number:</b>	562060
<b>Alternate Name:</b>	Gr-1
<b>Size:</b>	25 µg
<b>Concentration:</b>	0.5 mg/ml
<b>Clone:</b>	RB6-8C5
<b>Isotype:</b>	Rat IgG2b, κ
<b>Reactivity:</b>	QC Testing: Mouse
<b>Storage Buffer:</b>	Aqueous buffered solution containing protein stabilizer and ≤0.09% sodium azide.

## Description

The RB6-8C5 antibody reacts with a common epitope on Ly-6G and Ly-6C, previously known as the myeloid differentiation antigen Gr-1. In the bone marrow, the level of antigen expression is directly correlated with granulocyte differentiation and maturation. The antigen is also expressed on the monocyte lineage in the bone marrow, but not on erythroid cells. In the periphery, RB6-8C5 antibody recognizes granulocytes (neutrophils and eosinophils) and monocytes. The RB6-8C5 mAb is a component of the "lineage cocktail" used in studies of hematopoietic lineages. The mAb 1A8 (Cat. No. 551461) specifically recognizes Ly-6G, but not Ly-6C.

Based on the comparison of the staining patterns of mAbs clones 1A8 and RB6-8C5 on total blood leukocytes, it is evident that mAb 1A8 stains the RB6-8C5-bright population, corresponding to Ly-6G-expressing granulocytes; whereas, the RB6-8C5-dim population is 1A8-negative and corresponds to Ly-6C-expressing lymphocytes and monocytes. Please refer to the TDS Cat. No. 551459 and 553128 for more detail information.

## Preparation and Storage

Store undiluted at 4°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

The antibody was conjugated with FITC under optimum conditions, and unreacted FITC was removed.

## Application Notes

## Application

Flow cytometry	Routinely Tested
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## Suggested Companion Products

Catalog Number	Name	Size	Clone
553988	FITC Rat IgG2b, κ Isotype Control	0.25 mg	A95-1
553141	Purified Rat Anti-Mouse CD16/CD32 (Mouse BD Fc Block™)	0.1 mg	2.4G2
554656	Stain Buffer (FBS)	500 ml	(none)

## Product Notices

1. Since applications vary, each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results.
2. Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.
3. Please refer to [www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols](http://www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols) for technical protocols.
4. For fluorochrome spectra and suitable instrument settings, please refer to our Fluorochrome Web Page at [www.bdbiosciences.com/colors](http://www.bdbiosciences.com/colors).
5. An isotype control should be used at the same concentration as the antibody of interest.

## References

Conlan JW, North RJ. Neutrophils are essential for early anti-Listeria defense in the liver, but not in the spleen or peritoneal cavity, as revealed by a granulocyte-depleting monoclonal antibody. *J Exp Med.* 1994; 179(1):259-268. (Clone-specific: Depletion)

Fleming TJ, Fleming ML, Malek TR. Selective expression of Ly-6G on myeloid lineage cells in mouse bone marrow. RB6-8C5 mAb to granulocyte-differentiation antigen (Gr-1) detects members of the Ly-6 family. *J Immunol.* 1993; 151(5):2399-2408. (Clone-specific: Immunoprecipitation, Inhibition)

Hestdal K, Ruscetti FW, Ihle JN, et al. Characterization and regulation of RB6-8C5 antigen expression on murine bone marrow cells. *J Immunol.* 1991; 147(1):22-28. (Biology)

Jutila MA, Kroese FG, Jutila KL, et al. Ly-6C is a monocyte/macrophage and endothelial cell differentiation antigen regulated by interferon-gamma. *Eur J Immunol.* 1988; 18(11):1819-1826. (Clone-specific: Western blot)

Lagasse E, Weissman IL. Flow cytometric identification of murine neutrophils and monocytes. *J Immunol Methods.* 1996; 197(1-2):139-150. (Biology)

Osawa M, Tokumoto Y, Nakauchi H. Hematopoietic stem cells. In: Herzenberg LA, Weir DM, Blackwell C, ed. *Weir's Handbook of Experimental Immunology*, 5th Edition. Cambridge: Blackwell Science; 1996:66.1-66.5. (Biology)

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Stoppacciaro A, Melani C, Parenza M, et al. Regression of an established tumor genetically modified to release granulocyte colony-stimulating factor requires granulocyte-T cell cooperation and T cell-produced interferon gamma. *J Exp Med.* 1993; 178(1):151-161. (Clone-specific: Depletion, Immunohistochemistry)  
Tepper RI, Coffman RL, Leder P. An eosinophil-dependent mechanism for the antitumor effect of interleukin-4. *Science.* 1992; 257(5069):548-551. (Clone-specific: Depletion)