

## Technical Data Sheet

## PerCP Rat Anti-Mouse CD45

## Product Information

<b>Material Number:</b>	<b>561047</b>
<b>Alternate Name:</b>	Leukocyte Common Antigen (LCA), Ly-5, T200
<b>Size:</b>	25 µg
<b>Concentration:</b>	0.2 mg/ml
<b>Clone:</b>	30-F11
<b>Immunogen:</b>	Mouse Thymus / Spleen
<b>Isotype:</b>	Rat (LOU) IgG2b, κ
<b>Reactivity:</b>	QC Testing: Mouse
<b>Storage Buffer:</b>	Aqueous buffered solution containing ≤0.09% sodium azide.

## Description

The 30-F11 clone has been reported to react with all isoforms and both alloantigens of CD45, which is found on hematopoietic stem cells and all cells of hematopoietic origin, except erythrocytes. CD45 is a transmembrane glycoprotein which is expressed at high levels on the cell-surface, and its presence distinguishes leukocytes from non-hematopoietic cells. CD45 is a member of the Protein Tyrosine Phosphatase (PTP) family, where the intracellular carboxy-terminal region contains two PTP catalytic domains, and the extracellular region is highly variable due to alternative splicing of exons 4, 5, and 6 (designated as A, B, and C, respectively). CD45 isoforms play complex roles in T-cell and B-cell antigen receptor signal transduction and the CD45 isoforms detected in the mouse are cell type-, maturation-, and activation state-specific.

## Preparation and Storage

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

The antibody was conjugated with PerCP under optimum conditions, and unconjugated antibody and free PerCP were removed. Storage of PerCP conjugates in unoptimized diluent is not recommended and may result in loss of signal intensity.

Store undiluted at 4°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

## Application Notes

## Application

Flow cytometry	Routinely Tested
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## Suggested Companion Products

Catalog Number	Name	Size	Clone
552991	PerCP Rat IgG2b, κ Isotype Control	0.1 mg	A95-1

## Product Notices

- Since applications vary, each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results.
- Please refer to [www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols](http://www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols) for technical protocols.
- For fluorochrome spectra and suitable instrument settings, please refer to our Fluorochrome Web Page at [www.bdbiosciences.com/colors](http://www.bdbiosciences.com/colors).
- PerCP is a photosynthetic accessory pigment from Glenodinium species of dinoflagellates, which is excited by the 488-nm light of an Argon ion laser and fluoresces at 675 nm. Therefore, PerCP-labelled antibodies can be used with FITC- and R-PE-labelled reagents in most single-laser flow cytometers with no significant spectral overlap of PerCP fluorescence with that of FITC or R-PE. PerCP has been reported to undergo significant photobleaching, the magnitude of which increases as laser power is increased or beam focus is narrowed. For third-color flow-cytometric analysis using ≥25-mW laser power, we recommend PE-Cy5-, PE-Cy7-, or PerCP-Cy5.5-conjugated reagents.
- Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.

## References

Afar B, Merrill J, Clark EA. Detection of lymphocyte subsets using three-color/single-laser flow cytometry and the fluorescent dye peridinin chlorophyll-alpha protein. *J Clin Immunol.* 1991; 11(5):254-261. (Methodology: Flow cytometry)

Greimers R, Trebak M, Moutschen M, Jacobs N, Boniver J. Improved four-color flow cytometry method using fluo-3 and triple immunofluorescence for analysis of intracellular calcium ion ([Ca<sup>2+</sup>]<sub>i</sub>) fluxes among mouse lymph node B- and T-lymphocyte subsets. *Cytometry.* 1996; 23(3):205-217. (Methodology: Flow cytometry)

Johnson P, Maiti A. CD45: A family of leukocyte-specific cell surface glycoproteins. In: Herzenberg LA, Weir DM, Blackwell C, ed. *Weir's Handbook of Experimental Immunology, Vol 2.* Cambridge: Blackwell Science; 1997:62.1-62.16. (Biology)

Lagasse E, Connors H, Al-Dhalimy M, et al. Purified hematopoietic stem cells can differentiate into hepatocytes in vivo. *Nat Med.* 2000; 6(11):1212-1213. (Biology)

Ledbetter JA, Herzenberg LA. Xenogeneic monoclonal antibodies to mouse lymphoid differentiation antigens. *Immunol Rev.* 1979; 47:63-90. (Immunogen)

Shapiro HM. *Practical Flow Cytometry, 3rd Edition.* New York: Wiley-Liss, Inc; 1995:280-281. (Methodology: Flow cytometry)

Thomas ML. The leukocyte common antigen family. *Annu Rev Immunol.* 1989; 7:339-369. (Biology)

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