mGluR1 (D5H10) Rabbit mAb

√100 µl (10 western blots)



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rev. 02/12/14

For Research Use Only. Not For Use In Diagnostic Procedures.

Species Cross-Reactivity* Molecular Wt. **Applications** Isotype W. IP. IHC-P. IF-F H. M. R 145. >300 kDa Rabbit IgG** Endogenous

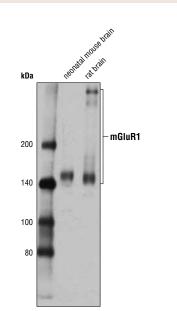
Background: Metabotropic glutamate receptor 1 (mGluR1) is a G protein-coupled receptor (GPCR) for the neurotransmitter glutamate in the mammalian brain. Unlike ionotropic receptors, metabotropic receptors do not form an ion channel pore themselves but are indirectly linked to ion channels (1). Both mGluR1 and mGluR5 are coupled to phospholipase C and activate inositol phospholipid metabolism via G protein-mediated mechanisms. Upon phosphatidylinositol activation, the second messenger calcium is released and generates a calcium-activated chloride current. Metabotropic glutamate receptors other than mGluR1 and mGluR5 inhibit adenylate cyclase (1-3). mGluR1 does not share sequence homology with conventional GPCRs (1). mGluR1 forms a homodimer and is linked to synaptic plasticity, as well as long-term potentiation and long-term depression. Furthermore, mGluR1 is a potential therapeutic target for various psychiatric and neurological diseases, including schizophrenia, epilepsy, and Parkinson and Alzheimer diseases (4-6).

Specificity/Sensitivity: mGluR1 (D5H10) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total mGluR1 protein.

Source/Purification: Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Leu1105 of human mGluR1 protein.

Background References:

- (1) Pin, J.P. et al. (1994) EMBO J 13, 342-8.
- (2) Sugiyama, H. et al. (1987) Nature 325, 531-3.
- (3) Hermans, E. and Challiss, R.A. (2001) Biochem J 359, 465-84
- (4) Niswender, C.M. et al. (2005) Curr Top Med Chem 5, 847-57.
- (5) Pellicciari, R. and Costantino, G. (1999) Curr Opin Chem Biol 3, 433-40.
- (6) Olive, M.F. (2009) Curr Drug Abuse Rev 2, 83-989.



Western blot analysis of extracts from neonatal mouse brain and rat brain using mGluR1 (D5H10) Rabbit mAb.

Entrez-Gene ID #2911 Swiss-Prot Acc. #Q13255

Storage: Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at -20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

*Species cross-reactivity is determined by western blot.

**Anti-rabbit secondary antibodies must be used to detect this antibody.

Recommended Antibody Dilutions:

1:1000 Western blotting Immunoprecipitation 1:50 Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin) 1:200† Unmasking buffer: Citrate Antibody diluent: SignalStain® Antibody Diluent #8112 Detection reagent: SignalStain® Boost (HRP, Rabbit) #8114

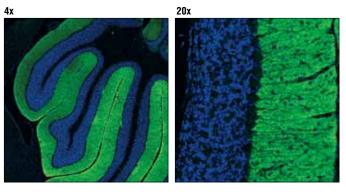
†Optimal IHC dilutions determined using SignalStain® Boost IHC Detection Reagent.

1:800

Immunofluorescence (IF-F)

For product specific protocols please see the web page for this product at www.cellsignal.com.

Please visit www.cellsignal.com for a complete listing of recommended complementary products.

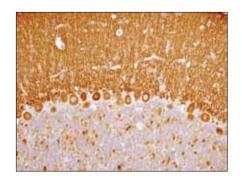


Confocal immunofluorescent analysis of adult mouse cerebellum using mGluR1 (D5H10) Rabbit mAb (green). Blue pseudocolor = DRAQ5® #4084 (fluorescent DNA dye).

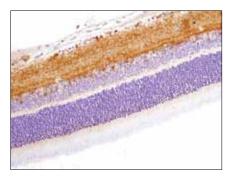
IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Tween® is a registered trademark of ICI Americas. Inc. DRAQ5® is a registered trademark of Biostatus Limited.





Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse cerebellum using mGlur1 (D5H10) Rabbit mAb.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat retina using mGlur1 (D5H10) Rabbit mAb.