

## DESCRIPTION

<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Mouse/Rat
<b>Specificity</b>	Detects mouse and rat MIS/AMH in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs, approximately 50% cross-reactivity with recombinant human MIS is observed.
<b>Source</b>	Polyclonal Goat IgG
<b>Purification</b>	Antigen Affinity-purified
<b>Immunogen</b>	<i>E. coli</i> -derived recombinant rat MIS/AMH Lys447-Arg553 Accession # P49000
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

## APPLICATIONS

**Please Note:** Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. [General Protocols](#) are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	<b>Recommended Concentration</b>	<b>Sample</b>
<b>Western Blot</b>	0.1 µg/mL	Recombinant Mouse MIS/AMH Recombinant Rat MIS/AMH
<b>Immunohistochemistry</b>	5-15 µg/mL	Perfusion fixed frozen sections of mouse ovary

## PREPARATION AND STORAGE

<b>Reconstitution</b>	Reconstitute at 0.2 mg/mL in sterile PBS.
<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
<b>Stability &amp; Storage</b>	<b>Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.</li> <li>● 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.</li> <li>● 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.</li> </ul>

## BACKGROUND

MIS, also known as anti-Müllerian hormone (AMH), belongs to the TGF-β superfamily. It is produced by the fetal testis and plays a central role in male sex differentiation. Postnatally, MIS is expressed in both the testis and the ovary, where it also has a regulatory role in gonadal functions.