

Mouse Neogenin Antibody

Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Goat IgG Catalog Number: AF1079

DESCRIPTION			
Species Reactivity	Mouse		
Specificity	Detects mouse Neogenin is observed.	in direct ELISAs and W	estern blots. In Western blots, less than 5% cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse DCC
Source	Polyclonal Goat IgG		
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified		
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant mouse Neogenin Ala42-lle1033 (Asp442-Leu461 del) Accession # NP_032710		
Endotoxin Level	<0.10 EU per 1 µg of the antibody by the LAL method.		
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details.		
APPLICATIONS			
Please Note: Optimal diluti	ions should be determined by each l	aboratory for each application.	General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.
		Recommended Concentration	Sample
Western Blot		0.1 μg/mL	Recombinant Mouse Neogenin Fc Chimera (Catalog # 1079-NE)
Immunohistochemistry 5		5-15 μg/mL	Immersion fixed frozen sections of mouse embryo (E13.5)
Blockade of Receptor-ligand Interaction		Chicken Netrin-1 (Cat	, 2.5-10 μg/mL of this antibody will block 50% of the binding of 200 ng/mL of Recombinant alog # 128-N1) to immobilized Recombinant Mouse Neogenin Fc Chimera (Catalog # μg/mL (100 μL/well). At 300 μg/mL, this antibody will block >90% of the binding.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE			
Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.2 mg/mL in sterile PBS.		
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.		
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. 1 month from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C, reconstituted. 6 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C, reconstituted.		

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U.S. Patent # 5,939,271, 6,277,585, and other U.S. and international patents pending.

BACKGROUND

DESCRIPTION

Neogenin (NEO) is a type I transmembrane protein that is crucial for axonal guidance and neuronal migration. It is also involved in regulating differentiation programs in many embryonic and adult tissues (1). Mouse NEO is widely expressed in adult tissues and is expressed throughout the mid to late stages of gestation, in both neuronal and non-neuronal tissues. It is a member of the immunoglobulin (Ig) superfamily and is closely related to deleted in colorectal cancer (DCC). Mouse NEO cDNA encodes a 1493 amino acid residue (aa) precursor with a putative 36 aa signal peptide, a 1100 aa extracellular domain with six Ig-like C2 type domains and three fibronectin type III domains, a 21 aa transmembrane domain, and a 345 aa cytoplasmic domain. At least five isoforms are produced in mice by alternative splicing. Mouse NEO shares 96%, 93%, and 86% aa sequence identity with rat, human, and chicken NEO, respectively. It also has 46% and 29% sequence homology with mouse DCC and C. elegans UNC40, a homolog of DCC. NEO and DCC, together with the UNC5 family of type I transmembrane proteins, are receptors for the netrin/UNC6 family of laminin-related bifunctional guidance molecules that both attract some axons and repel others (2, 3). In mouse, at least five netrins (netrin-1, -3, -4, G1, and G2) have been identified (3-5). Mouse netrin-1 and netrin-3 have been shown to be ligands for mouse NEO.

References:

- 1. Keeling, S.L. et al. (1997) Oncogene 15:691.
- 2. Hong, K. et al. (1999) Cell 97:927.
- 3. Livesey, F.J. (1999) Cell Mol. Life Sci. 56:62.
- 4. Nakashiba, T. et al. (2000) J. Neurosci. 20:6540.
- 5. Nakashiba, T. *et al.* (2002) Mech. Dev. **111**:47.

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