

## **Product Data Sheet**

## Alexa Fluor® 488 anti-NF-κB p50

Catalog # / Size: 616704 / 100 µg

Clone: 4D1

**Isotype:** Mouse IgG1,  $\kappa$ 

Immunogen: recombinant full-length human NF-κB p50

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with

Alexa Fluor® 488 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of

unconjugated Alexa Fluor® 488.

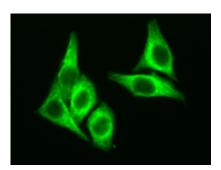
Formulation: This antibody is provided in phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing

0.09% sodium azide. Final antibody concentration is 0.5 mg/ml.

Concentration: 0.5 mg/ml

Storage: The antibody solution should be stored undiluted at 4°C and protected from

prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.



Hela cells were stained with Alexa Fluor® 488 anti-NF-kB p50 (4D1) mouse mAb and examined on a fluorescent scope.

## **Applications:**

Applications: IF

Recommended Usage: For immunofluorescent staining applications, a concentration range of 1-4 µg/ml is recommended. It is recommended

that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

\* Alexa Fluor® 488 has a maximum emission of 519 nm when it is excited at 488 nm.
\*\* Alexa Fluor® is a registered trademark of Molecular Probes, Inc. Alexa Fluor® dye antibody conjugates are sold under license from Molecular Probes, Inc. for research use only, except for use in combination with microarrays and

high content screening, and are covered by pending and issued patents.

Application Notes: Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunofluorescence<sup>1</sup> on the Amnis ImageStream

100 Imaging Flow Cytometer.

1. Huang F, et al. 2007. J. Immunol. 179:6504. PubMed Application References:

2. Cao YA, et al. 2008. J. Biol. Chem. 283:15309. PubMed 3. Liu Z, et al. 2011 Mol Cancer Res. 9:507. PubMed.

Description: NF-κB/p50 (nuclear factor kappa light chain enhancer in B cells p50, NF-κB1) is a member of the Rel/dorsal family.

This ubiquitously expressed nuclear protein is one subunit of the NF-kappa B complex consisting of a 65 kD transactivating subunit and a 50 kD DNA binding subunit. Both subunits are derived from larger precursor proteins. NF-κB acts as a transcriptional activator and was originally identified as an activator of kappa light chain in B cells. NF- $\kappa B$ /p50 is bound (with p65) to  $I\kappa B$  inhibitor in cytoplasm in inactive form. Phosphorylation of  $I\kappa B$  releases and NF- $\kappa B$  which goes to the nucleus to activate gene expression. NF- $\kappa B$  can be activated with LPS, TNF- $\alpha$ , phorbol ester, or IL-1. The 4D1 monoclonal antibody reacts with human NF- $\kappa B$  p50 and has been shown to be useful for Western

Antigen References: 1. Baldwin AS, et al. 1996. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 14:649 (review).

2. Chen F, et al. 1999. Clin. Chem. 45:7 (review).

**Related Products: Product** Clone Application

Alexa Fluor® 488 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Ctrl (ICFC) MOPC-21



