

Product Data Sheet

FITC anti-human CD99

Catalog # / Size: 318006 / 100 tests

Clone: HCD99

Isotype: Mouse IgG2a, κ

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with

FITC under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated FITC.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Storage: The antibody solution should be stored undiluted at 4°C and protected from

prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

Applications:

Applications: FC - Quality tested

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. Test size products are transitioning

from 20 µl to 5 µl per test. Please check your vial or your CoA to find the suggested use of this reagent per million cells in 100 µl staining volume or per 100 µl of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for

optimal performance for each application. Read more at www.biolegend.com/testsize regarding the test size change.

Application Notes: Additional reported (for the relevant formats) applications include: immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed

frozen sections and formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues.

Application References: 1. Tadamitsu K, et al. eds. 1997. Leukocyte Typing VI Garland Publishing Inc. London.

Description: The HCD99 monoclonal antibody recognizes human CD99 also known as CD99 antigen, E2 antigen, MIC2, and T-cell surface glycoprotein E2. CD99 is a type I, single chain transmembrane protein devoid of N-linked glycosylation sites that is encoded by the pseudoautosomal gene MIC2. CD99 has an apparent molecular weight 32 kD and is

widely expressed on a variety of tissues. CD99 is highly expressed on thymocytes, T cells, T cell leukemias and lymphomas and is absent on fetal B cells, some B cell lines, eosinophils, granulocytes and the NK-cell line YT. CD99 is involved in spontaneous rosette formation with erythrocytes and may also be involved in other T-cell and

hematopoietic cell adhesion pathways. CD99 has been reported to activate a caspase-independent death pathway in T cells under some conditions. CD99 interacts with a number of proteins including ferritin heavy chain 1, karyopherin beta 1, TRIP13, cyclophilin A, annexin II, and ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2H. The HCD99 antibody has been reported to be useful for flow cytometric detection of human ČD99 and immunohistochemistry (acetone-fixed frozen

tissues and formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues).

1. Gelin C, et al. 1989. EMBO J. 8:3253. Antigen References:

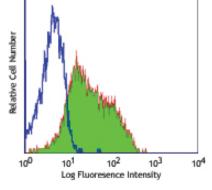
2. Goodfellow PJ, et al. 1986. Science 234:740.

3. Pettersen RD, et al. 2001. J. Immunol. 166:4931.

Application Related Products: Product Clone FC, ICC, ICFC FC Cell Staining Buffer

MOPC-173

FITC Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Ctrl (FC) Human TruStain FcX™ (Fc Receptor Blocking Solution) FC. ICC. ICFC



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes stained with HCD99 FITC

