

Product Data Sheet

Alexa Fluor® 647 anti-human CD80

Catalog # / Size: 305215 / 25 tests

305216 / 100 tests

Clone: 2D10

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Workshop Number: VI CD80.1

Reactivity: Human, Cross-Reactivity: Rhesus

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with

Alexa Fluor® 647 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of

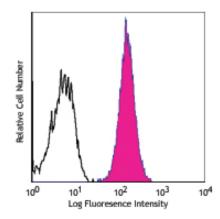
unconjugated Alexa Fluor® 647.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Storage: The antibody solution should be stored undiluted at 4°C and protected from

prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.



Human B-cell Burkitt's lymphoma cell line Daudi stained with 2D10 Alexa

Applications:

Applications: FC - Quality tested

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For immunofluorescent staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 µl per million cells or 5 µl per 100 µl of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

* Alexa Fluor® 647 has a maximum emission of 668 nm when it is excited at 633nm / 635nm.

** Alexa Fluor® is a registered trademark of Molecular Probes, Inc. Alexa Fluor® dye antibody conjugates are sold under license from Molecular Probes, Inc. for research use only, except for use in combination with microarrays and high content screening, and are covered by pending and issued patents.

Application Notes:

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: in vitro blocking of T cell activation, immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen tissue sections², immunoprecipitation, and Western blotting³. The LEAF™ purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional

assays (Cat. No. 305212).

Application References: 1. Kishimoto T, *et al.* Eds. 1997. Leucocyte Typing VI. Garland Publishing Inc. London. 2. Battifora M. 1998. *J. Clin. Endocr. Metab.* 83:4130. (IHC)

3. Van der Merwe PA, et al. 1997. J. Exp. Med. 185:3. (WB) 4. Jayakumar A, et al. 2008. Infect. Immun. 76:2138. PubMed 5. Schubert DA, et al. 2012. J. Exp Med. 209:335. PubMed

Description: CD80, also known as B7-1, B7, and BB1, is a 60 kD single chain type I glycoprotein belonging to the immunoglobulin superfamily. CD80 is expressed on activated B and T cells, macrophages, and dendritic cells. CD80 binds to CD28 and CD152 (CTLA-4). Along with CD86, CD80 plays a critical role in regulation of T cell activation. The interaction of CD80 with CD28 provides a potent costimulatory signal for T cell activation through the CD3 complex, while its interaction with CTLA-4 provides an inhibitory signal for T cell activation.

Antigen References: 1. Freeman G, et al. 1991. J. Exp. Med. 174:625.

2. Linsley P, *et al.* 1996. *Immunity* 4:535. 3. Linsley P, *et al.* 1991. *J. Exp. Med.* 174:561.

Related Products: Product

Cell Staining Buffer

RBC Lysis Buffer (10X) Alexa Fluor® 647 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Ctrl (FC) Human TruStain FcX™ (Fc Receptor Blocking Solution) Clone

MOPC-21

FC, ICC, ICFC FC, ICFC FC, IF

Application

FC, ICC, ICFC



