

Product Data Sheet

102

Log Fluoresence Intensity

Thrombin-activated human peripheral

blood platelets stained with AK4

Alexa Fluor® 488

103

10⁴

Relative Cell Numbe

100

Alexa Fluor® 488 anti-human CD62P (P-Selectin)

Catalog # / Size: 304916 / 100 tests

Clone: AK4

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Workshop Number: VI P-44

Reactivity: Human, Cross-Reactivity: Chimpanzee

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with

Alexa Fluor® 488 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of

unconjugated Alexa Fluor® 488.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Storage: The antibody solution should be stored undiluted at 4°C and protected from

prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.



Applications: FC - Quality tested

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For immunofluorescent staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 μ l per million cells or 5 μ l per 100 μ l of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

> * Alexa Fluor® 488 has a maximum emission of 519 nm when it is excited at 488 nm.

** Alexa Fluor® is a registered trademark of Molecular Probes, Inc. Alexa Fluor® dye antibody conjugates are sold under license from Molecular Probes, Inc. for research use only, except for use in combination with microarrays and high content screening, and are covered by pending and

issued patents.

EU/μg, Azide-Free, 0.2 μm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 304912).

Application References: 1. Skinner M, et al. 1991. J. Biol. Chem. 266:5371. (Block)

Application Notes: Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed

2. Kishimoto T, et al. Eds. 1997. Leucocyte Typing VI. Garland Publishing Inc. London.

3. Yen Y-T, et al. 2006. J. Virolo. 80:2684.

Description: CD62P is a 140 kD type I transmembrane glycoprotein also known as P-Selectin, platelet activation-dependent granule membrane protein (PADGEM), or GMP-140. It is expressed on activated platelets, megakaryocytes, and endothelial cells. CD62 is primarily stored in secretory α-granules in platelets and Weibel-Palade bodies in endothelial cells and is rapidly relocated to the plasma membrane upon activation. The ligands for CD62P are CD162 and CD24. A primary function of CD62P is cell adhesion during neutrophil rolling, platelet-neutrophil, and platelet-monocyte

frozen tissue sections, and in vitro blocking of adhesion of platelets¹. The LEAF™ Purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1

interactions.

Antigen References: 1. McEver R, et al. 1995. J. Biol. Chem. 270:11025.

2. Varki A. 1994. P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91:7390.

Related Products: Product Clone Application Cell Staining Buffer

FC, ICC, ICFC FC, ICFC

RBC Lysis Buffer (10X) Alexa Fluor® 488 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Ctrl (FC) FC, IF MOPC-21 FC, ICC, ICFC Human TruStain FcX™ (Fc Receptor Blocking Solution)

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