

## **Product Data Sheet**

## Alexa Fluor® 647 anti-human CD52

Catalog # / Size: 338206 / 100 tests

**Clone: 097** 

**Isotype:** Mouse IgM,  $\kappa$ 

Workshop Number: V NL15
Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was conjugated with Alexa Fluor® 647 under optimal

conditions, and is at >85% purity. The solution is free of unconjugated Alexa

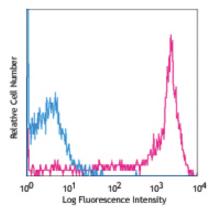
Fluor® 647.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Storage: The antibody solution should be stored undiluted at 4°C and protected from

prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes stained with 097 Alexa Fluor® 647

## Applications:

Related Products: Product

Applications: FC - Quality tested

**Recommended Usage:** Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For immunofluorescent staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 μl per million cells or 5 μl per 100 μl of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

\* Alexa Fluor® 647 has a maximum emission of 668 nm when it is excited at 633nm / 635nm.

\*\* Alexa Fluor® is a registered trademark of Molecular Probes, Inc. Alexa Fluor® dye antibody conjugates are sold under license from Molecular Probes, Inc. for research use only, except for use in combination with microarrays and high context acrossing, and are covered by pending and issued patents.

high content screening, and are covered by pending and issued patents.

Application References: 1. Valentin H, et al. 1992. Transplantation. 54:97

**Description:** CD52, also known as Cambridge pathology antigen 1 (CAMPATH-1), is a 25-29 kD glycoprotein containing a large N-linked carbohydrate moiety. The actual molecule of CD52 is only 8-9 kD. It is expressed in the male reproductive

N-linked carbohydrate moiety. The actual molecule of CD52 is only 8-9 kD. It is expressed in the male reproductive tract and on virtually all lymphocytes (T and B cells), as well as macrophages/monocytes, eosinophils, and red cells.

CD52 is thought to play a role in carrying and orienting carbohydrates. CD52 is a potent target for

complement-mediated lysis and antibody-mediated cellular cytotoxicity and has been used as a depletion target for

chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL)/lymphoma and immunosuppression.

Antigen References: 1. Leukocyte Typing VI. Kishimoto T, et al. (Eds.) Garland Publishing Inc. (1997)

Xia MQ, et al. 1991. Eur. J. Immunol. 21:1677.
 Kirchhoff C, et al. 1993. Mol. Reprod. Dev. 34:8.

4. Xia MQ, et al. 1993. Biochem. J. 293:633.

Alexa Fluor® 647 Mouse IgM, κ Isotype Ctrl

Cell Staining Buffer RBC Lysis Buffer (10X)

Human TruStain FcX™ (Fc Receptor Blocking Solution)

Clone MM-30 Application FC, ICFC FC, ICC, ICFC FC, ICFC FC, ICC, ICFC



