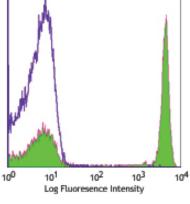


Product Data Sheet

Biotin anti-human CD4

Catalog # / Size:	317405 / 25 μg 317406 / 100 μg	
Clone:	OKT4	
Isotype:	Mouse IgG2b, κ	
Reactivity:	Human, Cross-Reactivity: Chimpanzee, Cynomolgus, Rhesus	
Preparation:	The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with biotin under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated biotin.	
Formulation:	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.	
Concentration:	0.5 mg/ml	
Storage:	The antibody solution should be stored undiluted at 4°C. Do not freeze.	

Applications:



Relative Cell Number

Applications: FC	- Quality tested
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Applications.	rc - Quality lested			
Recommended Usage:	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunof staining with flow cytometric analysis. For immunofluorescer suggested use of this reagent is \leq 1.0 µg per million cells in 1 is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance application.	nt staining, the 00 μl volume. It	Human peripheral blood lymphocytes stained with biotinylated OKT4, followed by Sav-PE	
Application Notes:	The OKT4 antibody binds to the D3 domain of CD4 and does not block HIV binding. Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunohistochemistry of frozen sections and blocking of T cell activation. The LEAF™ purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 317404).			
Application References:	 Knapp W, et al. 1989. Leucocyte Typing IV. Oxford Unive. Reinherz EL, et al. 1979. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 76:4061. Kmieciak M, et al. 2009. J. Transl. Med. 7:89. (FC) PubMed. Cicin-Sain L, et al. 2010. J. Immunol. 184:6739. PubMed Rosenzweig M, et al. 2001. J. Med. Primatol. 30:36. Linder J, et al. 1987. Am. J. Pathol. 127:1. Boche D, et al. 1999. J. Neurovirol. 5:232. (IHC) 	ed	rk.	
Description:	CD4, also known as T4, is a 55 kD single-chain type I transmembrane glycoprotein expressed on most thymocytes, a subset of T cells, and monocytes/macrophages. CD4, a member of the Ig superfamily, recognizes antigens associated with MHC class II molecules and participates in cell-cell interactions, thymic differentiation, and signal transduction. CD4 acts as a primary receptor for HIV, binding to HIV gp120. CD4 has also been shown to interact with IL-16.			
Antigen References:	 Center D, et al. 1996. Immunol. Today 17:476. Gaubin M, et al. 1996. Eur. J. Clin. Chem. Clin. Biochem. 	34:723.		
Related Products		Clone MPC-11	Application FC, ICFC FC, ICFC FC, ICFC FC, ICFC FC, ICFC FC, ICFC FC, ICFC FC, ICC, ICFC FC, ICC, ICFC FC, ICC, ICFC	

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