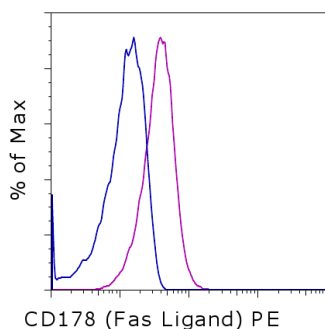


## Anti-Mouse CD178 (Fas Ligand) PE

**Catalog Number:** 12-5911

**Also known as:** FasL, CD95L, CD95 Ligand

**RUO: For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.**



Staining of mouse CD178-transfected cells with 0.5  $\mu$ g of Armenian Hamster IgG Isotype Control PE (cat. 12-4888) (blue histogram) or 0.5  $\mu$ g of Anti-Mouse CD178 (Fas Ligand) PE (purple histogram). Total viable cells were used for analysis.

### Product Information

**Contents:** Anti-Mouse CD178 (Fas Ligand) PE

**REF** **Catalog Number:** 12-5911

**Clone:** MFL3

**Concentration:** 0.2 mg/mL

**Host/Isotype:** Armenian Hamster IgG



**Formulation:** aqueous buffer, 0.09% sodium azide, may contain carrier protein/stabilizer

**Temperature Limitation:** Store at 2-8°C. Do not freeze. Light sensitive material.

**Batch Code:** Refer to vial

**Use By:** Refer to vial

**Caution, contains Azide**



### Description

The MFL3 monoclonal antibody reacts with mouse Fas (CD95) Ligand, a 40 kDa type II transmembrane glycoprotein. FasL is a member of the TNF family and is expressed by mouse activated T cells. The interaction of FasL with its receptor CD95 induces Fas-mediated killing. It has been reported that the human FasL antigen is cleaved from the surface by matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs), resulting in a 26 kDa soluble form. The degree of sensitivity for the mouse antigen to MMPs has not been reported.

### Applications Reported

The MFL3 antibody has been reported for use in flow cytometric analysis.

### Applications Tested

The MFL3 antibody has been tested by flow cytometric analysis of mouse FasL transfected cells and activated T cells. This can be used at less than or equal to 1  $\mu$ g per test. A test is defined as the amount ( $\mu$ g) of antibody that will stain a cell sample in a final volume of 100  $\mu$ L. Cell number should be determined empirically but can range from  $10^5$  to  $10^8$  cells/test. It is recommended that the antibody be carefully titrated for optimal performance in the assay of interest.

### References

Kayagaki, N., N. Yamaguchi, et al. 1997. Polymorphism of murine Fas ligand that affects the biological activity. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A* 94(8): 3914-9.

Nakajima, A., H. Hirai, et al. (2000). Treatment of lupus in NZB/W F1 mice with monoclonal antibody against fas ligand. *J Autoimmun* 14(2): 151-7.

Kayagaki, N., A. Kawasaki, et al. (1995). Metalloproteinase-mediated release of human Fas ligand. *J Exp Med* 182(6): 1777-83.

### Related Products

Not for further distribution without written consent.

Copyright © 2000-2012 eBioscience, Inc.

Tel: 888.999.1371 or 858.642.2058 • Fax: 858.642.2046 • [www.ebioscience.com](http://www.ebioscience.com) •  
[info@ebioscience.com](mailto:info@ebioscience.com)

---

## Anti-Mouse CD178 (Fas Ligand) PE

**Catalog Number:** 12-5911

**Also known as:** FasL, CD95L, CD95 Ligand

**RUO: For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.**

---

12-4888 Armenian Hamster IgG Isotype Control PE (eBio299Arm)

14-5912 Anti-Mouse/Rat CD178 (Fas Ligand) Purified (MFL4)

16-5912 Anti-Mouse/Rat CD178 (Fas Ligand) Functional Grade Purified (MFL4)