

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Cyclo-PrepTM

Genomic DNA Purification Kit

Product Description:

Cyclo-Prep, Genomic DNA Purification Kit is a spin column-based kit for rapid purification of genomic DNA from up to 30 mg of animal tissue or 1×10^9 bacterial cells. In as little as 20 minutes after sample lysis, prepare ultra-pure genomic DNA ($A_{260}/A_{280} \ge 1.8$) using your tabletop microcentrifuge. The genomic DNA isolated from Cyclo-Prep is suitable for PCR Amplification, RFLP Analysis, Southern Blotting, DNA Fingerprinting, and Bacterial-Genome Sequencing. The simple protocol provides a fast and convenient alternative to common genomic DNA purification procedures.

Kit Components:

The Cyclo-Prep Kit contains reagents sufficient for 50 minipreps. All reagents can be stored at room temperature. Each kit includes the following components.

*	Reagent 1	10 ml	*	Cyclo-Prep Spin Columns	50 each
*	Reagent 2	10 ml	*	Collection Tubes	50 each
*	Reagent 3	50 ml	*	Plastic Pestles	50 each
4	NV 4 N N T	10 1			

Water, Nuclease-Free 10 ml

Necessary Reagents and Equipment (not supplied with the kit):

Proteinase K (20 mg/ml solution for enzymatic lysis of animal tissue samples)
TE Buffer, pH 8.0 containing 1 mg/ml Lysozyme (for enzymatic lysis of bacterial samples)

95% Ethanol[‡]

Micropipettor

Bench-top microcentrifuge

1.5 - 1.7 ml sterile microfuge tubes.

Protocol for Genomic DNA Purification:

Tissue Preparations:

When preparing animal tissue, cut the tissue into pieces (up to 30 mg total) and place in a microcentrifuge tube. Add 180 µl of Reagent 1 and 20 µl of Proteinase K solution (20 mg/ml), vortex thoroughly and incubate at 70°C for 30 minutes. Homogenize the sample by using a pestle (provided). Continue until the tissue has been completely homogenized. Add 200 µl of Buffer 2, vortex thoroughly, and incubate at 70°C for 15 minutes. Add 200 µl of 95% ethanol[‡] to the





sample and vortex thoroughly.

Bacterial Preparations:

When preparing bacterial cells, resuspend the cells (up to 2×10^9) in TE Buffer, pH 8.0 containing 1.0 mg/ml Lysozyme. Vortex and incubate at room temperature for 10 minutes. Add 180 μ l of Buffer 2 and 20 μ l of Proteinase K solution (20 mg/ml), vortex immediately, and incubate at 70°C for 30 minutes. Following the complete lysis of the bacteria, add 200 μ l of 95% ethanol[‡] and vortex thoroughly.

For Both Tissue and Cell Lysates:

- 1. Apply the sample, including any precipitate that may have formed, to the Cyclo-Prep spin column placed inside a collection tube (provided). Centrifuge for 3-5 minutes at maximum speed. Discard the flow-through.
- 2. Add 500 µl of Reagent 3 to the column and centrifuge for 1 minute at maximum speed to wash the column. Discard the flow-through.
- 3. Add an additional 500 μl of Reagent 3 to the column and centrifuge for 2-3 minutes at maximum speed to dry the Cyclo-Prep membrane.
- 4. *Optional*: Transfer the Cyclo-Prep spin column to a clean microcentrifuge tube (not provided) and centrifuge at maximum speed for one minute. This ensures adequate drying of the Cyclo-Prep membrane.
- 5. Transfer the Cyclo-Prep spin column to a sterile microcentrifuge tube (not provided) and pipette 100 μl of sterile, nuclease-free water to the column. Centrifuge for 1 minute at maximum speed to elute the DNA. (This step may be repeated to increase the yield of DNA; however, this will decrease the final concentration of the DNA.) TE buffer may be used in place of water, if desired.

[‡] Following the addition of ethanol, a white precipitate may form. Be sure to apply the entire sample, including the precipitate, to the Cyclo-Prep spin column.