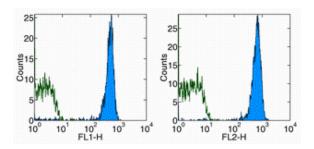


Anti-Mouse TER-119 FITC

Catalog Number: 11-5921

Also Known As: TER119, Erythroid cell marker, Ly-76, Ly76

RUO: For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.



Staining of mouse bone marrow with Anti-Mouse TER-119 FITC (left) or PE (right). Appropriate isotype controls were used (open histogram). Cells in the erythrocyte population were used for analysis.

Product Information

Contents: Anti-Mouse TER-119 FITC

REF Catalog Number: 11-5921

Clone: TER-119

Concentration: 0.5 mg/mL Host/Isotype: Rat IgG2b, kappa Formulation: aqueous buffer, 0.09% sodium azide, may contain carrier protein/stabilizer

Temperature Limitation: Store at 2-8°C. Do not freeze. Light

sensitive material.

Batch Code: Refer to Vial

Use By: Refer to Vial

Contains sodium azide

Description

The TER-119 monoclonal antibody reacts with mouse erythroid cells from early proerythroblast to mature erythrocyte stages. The TER-119 antigen is present in yolk sac, fetal and newborn liver, but is not expressed by cells carrying BFU-E and CFU-E activities. Several erythroleukemia cell lines tested so far are negative for expression of TER-119 antigen even after dimethylsulfoxide stimulation. Biochemical and molecular analysis of the TER-119 antigen indicate that this molecule is associated with the surface glycophorin A, but is not a typical glycophorin.

Applications Reported

The TER-119 antibody has been reported for use in flow cytometric analysis.

Applications Tested

The TER-119 antibody has been tested by flow cytometric analysis of mouse splenocyte and bone marrow cell suspensions. This can be used at less than or equal to 0.25 μ g per test. A test is defined as the amount (μ g) of antibody that will stain a cell sample in a final volume of 100 μ L. Cell number should be determined empirically but can range from 10⁵ to 10⁸ cells/test. It is recommended that the antibody be carefully titrated for optimal performance in the assay of interest.

References

Kina, T., K. Ikuta, et al. (2000). The monoclonal antibody TER-119 recognizes a molecule associated with glycophorin A and specifically marks the late stages of murine erythroid lineage. Br J Haematol 109(2): 280-87.

Vannucchi, A. M., F. Paoletti, et al. (2000). Identification and characterization of a bipotent (erythroid and megakaryocytic) cell precursor from the spleen of phenylhydrazine-treated mice. Blood 95(8): 2559-68.

Related Products

11-4031 Rat IgG2b K Isotype Control FITC

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