

# KpnI-HF™



1-800-632-7799  
info@neb.com  
www.neb.com



R3142S 003120814081

## R3142S



4,000 units    20,000 U/ml    Lot: 0031208

RECOMBINANT    Store at -20°C    Exp: 8/14

### Recognition Site:

5'...GGTACC...3'  
3'...CCATGG...5'

**Note:** KpnI-HF™ has the same specificity as KpnI (NEB #R0142), but it has been engineered for reduced star activity.

**Source:** An *E. coli* strain that carries the cloned and modified KpnI gene from *Klebsiella pneumoniae* OK8 (ATCC 49790)

Supplied in: 50 mM KCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4), 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 200 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol.

**Reagents Supplied with Enzyme:**  
10X NEBuffer 4.

**Reaction Conditions:** 1X NEBuffer 4.  
Incubate at 37°C.

**1X NEBuffer 4:**  
50 mM potassium acetate  
20 mM Tris-acetate  
10 mM magnesium acetate  
1 mM DTT  
pH 7.9 at 25°C

**Unit Definition:** One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to digest 1 µg of pXba DNA in 1 hour at 37°C in a total reaction volume of 50 µl.

**Diluent Compatibility:** Diluent Buffer A  
50 mM KCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 200 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol (pH 7.4 @ 25°C).

### Quality Controls

**Ligation:** After 50-fold overdigestion with KpnI-HF, > 95% of the DNA fragments can be ligated with T4 DNA Ligase (at a 5' termini concentration of 1–2 µM) at 16°C. Of these ligated fragments, > 95% can be recut.

**16-Hour Incubation:** A 50 µl reaction containing 1 µg of DNA and 200 units of enzyme incubated for 16 hours resulted in the same pattern of DNA bands as a reaction incubated for 1 hour with 1 unit of enzyme.

**Exonuclease Activity:** Incubation of 400 units of enzyme with 1 µg sonicated <sup>3</sup>H DNA (10<sup>5</sup> cpm/µg) for 4 hours at 37°C in 50 µl reaction buffer released < 0.1% radioactivity.

**Endonuclease Activity:** Incubation of 100 units of enzyme with 1 µg of φX174 RF I DNA for 4 hours at 37°C in 50 µl reaction buffer resulted in <10% conversion to RF II.

**Blue/White Screening Assay:** This enzyme has been tested to determine the integrity of the DNA ends produced after digestion with an excess of enzyme. An appropriate vector is digested at a unique site within *lacZ<sup>α</sup>* gene with a 10-fold excess

of enzyme, ligated, transformed and plated on XGal/IPTG/Amp plates. Successful expression of β-galactosidase is a function of how intact its gene remains after cloning, an intact gene gives rise to a blue colony, an interrupted gene (i.e. degraded DNA end) gives rise to a white colony. Enzymes must produce fewer than 3% white colonies to be Blue/White Certified.

### Enzyme Properties

#### Activity in NEBuffers:

NEBuffer 1	100%
NEBuffer 2	25%
NEBuffer 3	0%
NEBuffer 4	100%

When using a buffer other than the optimal (supplied) NEBuffer, it may be necessary to add more enzyme to achieve complete digestion.

**Survival in a Reaction:** A minimum of 0.5 unit is required to digest 1 µg of substrate DNA in 16 hours.

#### Heat Inactivation: No

(See other side)

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

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(See other side)

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

**Plasmid Cleavage:** Number of units required to cleave 1 µg of supercoiled plasmid DNA in one hour: pUC19 = 1 unit.

**Notes:** Acc65I is an isoschizomer of KpnI. KpnI produces a 4-base 3' extension, whereas Acc65I produces a 4-base 5' extension.




Not sensitive to *dam*, *dcm* or mammalian CpG methylation.

**Companion Products Sold Separately:**

KpnI	
#R0142S	4,000 units
#R0142L	20,000 units
#R0142M	20,000 units

KpnI-HF™ RE-Mix™	
#R5142S	200 reactions

New icons (see [www.neb.com](http://www.neb.com) for details)

-  = Time-Saver™ Qualified
-  = indicates that the enzyme has been engineered
-  = indicates that the enzyme has reduced star activity

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