# KpnI





1-800-632-7799 info@neb.com www.neb.com

# **R0142S**



## **Recognition Site:**

5′...GGTAC<sup>\*</sup>C...3′ 3′...C<sub>C</sub>CATGG...5′

**Source:** An *E. coli* strain that carries the cloned Kpnl gene from *Klebsiella pneumoniae* OK8 (ATCC 49790)

Supplied in: 50 mM KCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4), 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 200  $\mu$ g/ml BSA and 50% glycerol.

**Reagents Supplied with Enzyme:** 10X NEBuffer 1. 100X BSA.

**Reaction Conditions:** 1X NEBuffer 1, supplemented with 100 µg/ml BSA. Incubate at 37°C.

#### 1X NEBuffer 1:

10 mM Bis Tris Propane-HCl 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub> 1 mM DTT pH 7.0 @ 25°C

Unit Definition: One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to digest 1  $\mu$ g of Adenovirus-2 DNA in 1 hour at 37°C in a total reaction volume of 50  $\mu$ l.

Diluent Compatibility: Diluent Buffer A 50 mM KCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 200 μg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol (pH 7.4 @ 25°C)

#### **Quality Control Assays**

**Ligation:** After 50-fold overdigestion with KpnI, > 95% of the DNA fragments can be ligated with T4 DNA Ligase (at a 5' termini concentration of 1–2  $\mu$ M) at 16°C. Of these ligated fragments, > 95% can be recut.

**16-Hour Incubation:** A 50 µl reaction containing 1 µg of DNA and 60 units of enzyme incubated for 16 hours resulted in the same pattern of DNA bands as a reaction incubated for 1 hour with 1 unit of enzyme.

Exonuclease Activity: Incubation of 300 units of enzyme with 1 μg sonicated <sup>3</sup>H DNA (10<sup>5</sup> cpm/μg) for 4 hours at 37°C in 50 μl reaction buffer released < 0.1% radioactivity.

**Endonuclease Activity:** Incubation of 30 units of enzyme with 1  $\mu$ g of  $\phi$ X174 RF I DNA for 4 hours at 37°C in 50  $\mu$ l reaction buffer resulted in <10% conversion to RF II.

Blue/White Screening Assay: This enzyme has been tested to determine the integrity of the DNA ends produced after digestion with an excess of enzyme. An appropriate vector is digested at a unique site within  $lacZ^{x}$  gene with a 10-fold excess of enzyme, ligated, transformed and plated on XGal/IPTG/Amp plates. Successful expression of  $\beta$ -galactosidase is a function of how intact its gene remains after cloning, an intact gene gives rise to a blue colony, an interrupted gene (i.e. degraded DNA end) gives rise to a white colony. Enzymes must produce fewer than 3% white colonies to be Blue/White Certified.

## **Enzyme Properties**

# **Activity in NEBuffers:**

 NEBuffer 1
 100%

 NEBuffer 2
 75%

 NEBuffer 3
 0%

 NEBuffer 4
 50%

When using a buffer other than the optimal (supplied) NEBuffer, it may be necessary to add more enzyme to achieve complete digestion.

(see other side)

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

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NEBuffer 1 100% NEBuffer 2 75% NEBuffer 3 0% NEBuffer 4 50%

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(see other side)

**Survival in a Reaction:** A minimum of 0.25 unit is required to digest 1  $\mu$ g of substrate DNA in 16 hours.

**Heat Inactivation:** No

**Plasmid Cleavage:** Number of units required to cleave 1  $\mu$ g of supercoiled plasmid DNA in one hour: pUC19 = 2 units.

**Notes:** Acc 651 is an isoschizomer of Kpnl. Kpnl produces a 4-base 3' extension, whereas Acc 651 produces a 4-base 5' extension.

Not sensitive to  $\mathit{dam}, \mathit{dcm}$  or mammalian CpG methylation.

#### Companion Products Sold Separately:

KpnI-HF™

#R3142S 4,000 units #R3142L 20,000 units #R3142M 20,000 units

KpnI-HF™ RE-Mix™

#R5142S 200 reactions

= Time-Saver™ Qualified (See www.neb.com for details).

U.S. Patent Nos. 5,082,784; 5,192,675

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