# pTXB1 Vector



1-800-632-7799 info@neb.com www.neb.com

# N6707S

10 μg Lot: 0051111 Exp: 11/14 0.20 mg/ml Store at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Description: pTXB1 is an *E. coli* expression vector in the IMPACT™ Kit (1,2). It is designed for the in-frame insertion of a target gene into the polylinker upstream of the Mxe intein/chitin binding domain (27 kDa)(2,3). The fusion protein is bound to chitin beads and the thiol-induced cleavage activity of the intein releases the target protein. pTXB vectors are recommended for use in intein-mediated protein ligation and C-terminal labeling (2). This double stranded vector is 6,706 base pairs in length.

**Source:** pTXB1 contains the intein (198 amino acids) from the *Mycobacterium xenopi* GyrA gene (2,4).

Supplied in: 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.0), 1 mM EDTA.

#### Features of this vector:

 The Ndel site in the polylinker contains an ATG sequence for translation initiation.

- The Sapl site should be used for cloning of the 3' end of the insert. Use of the Sapl site allows cloning of the target protein adjacent to the intein, resulting in cleavage of the target protein without any additional amino acids at its C-terminus. (See NEB's web site for primer design).
- Expression of the fusion gene is under the control of an IPTG-inducible T7 promoter (5).
- A pBR322 derivative with a ColE1replication origin.

# **Polylinker Region:**

#### nTXB1

### T7 Universal Primer $\rightarrow$

5'...CGG GGA TCT CGA TCC CGC GAA AT<u>I AAT ACG ACT CAC TAT AG</u>G <u>GGA ATT GTG AGC</u>

T7 Promoter | lac operator

<u>GGA TAA CAA TTC CC</u>C <u>TCT AGA</u> AAT AAT TTT GTT TAA CTT TAA <u>GAA GGA G</u>AT ATA

XbaI ShineDalgarno

Met Ala Ser Ser Arg Val Asp Gly Gly Arg Glu Phe Leu Glu Gly Ser Ser Cys1 CAT ATG GCT AGG TCG CGA GTC GAG GGC CGC GAA TTC CTC GAG GGC TCT TCC TGC Mdel Nhel Nrul Sall Notl Eco RI Xhol Sapl

atc acg gga gat gc<u>a cta gt</u>t gcc cta ccc gag ggc gag tcg gta  $\mathbf{SpeI}$ 

CGC ATC GCC GAC ATC GTG CCG ...3

- Origin of DNA replication from bacteriophage M13, which allows for the production of singlestranded DNA by helper phage superinfection of cells bearing the plasmid (M13K07 Helper Phage, NEB #N0315).
- · Ampicillin resistance
- Other IMPACT vectors are available which allow for fusion of a target gene to N- or Cterminus of an intein. The cleavage reaction may be induced by thiol reagent or temperature/pH shift
- Companion vector pTXB3 (NEB #N6708) contains an Ncol site in place of Ndel.
- A wide range of E. coli host strains: T7 Express Competent E. coli (High Efficiency) (NEB #C2566) or BL21(DE3) Competent E. coli (NEB #C2527) and derivatives.

(see other side)

### CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

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pTXB1

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5'...CGG GGA TCT CGA TCC CGC GAA AT<u>I AAT ACG ACT CAC TAT AG</u>G G<u>GA ATT GTG AGC</u>

T7 Promoter | lac operator

<u>GGA TAA CAA TTC CC</u>C <u>TCT AGA</u> AAT AAT TTT GTT TAA CTT TAA <u>GAA GGA G</u>AT ATA **XbaI** ShineDalgarno

Met Ala Ser Ser Arg Val Asp Gly Gly Arg Glu Phe Leu Glu Gly Ser Ser Vssl

<u>CAT ATG GCT AGC TCG CGA GTC GAC GGC GGC CGC GAA TTC CTC GAG GGC TCT TC</u>C TGC

<u>Ndel Nhel Nrul Sall Notl EcoRI Xhol Sapl</u>

ATC ACG GGA GAT GC<u>A CTA GT</u>T GCC CTA CCC GAG GGC GAG TCG GTA

Spel

CGC ATC GCC GAC ATC GTG CCG ...31

M13, which allows for the production of singlestranded DNA by helper phage superinfection of cells bearing the plasmid (M13K07 Helper Phage, NEB #N0315).

Origin of DNA replication from bacteriophage

- · Ampicillin resistance
- Other IMPACT vectors are available which allow for fusion of a target gene to N- or Cterminus of an intein. The cleavage reaction may be induced by thiol reagent or temperature/pH shift.
- Companion vector pTXB3 (NEB #N6708) contains an Ncol site in place of Ndel.
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## References:

- Chong, S., Mersha, F.B., Comb, D.G., Scott, M. E., Landry, D., Vence, L.M., Perler, F.B., Benner, J., Kucera, R.B., Hirvonen, C.A., Pelletier, J.J., Paulus, H. and Xu, M.-Q. (1997). Single-column purification of free recombinant proteins using a self-cleavable affinity tag derived from a protein splicing element. *Gene* 192, 271–281.
- Evans, T.C., Benner, J. and Xu, M.-Q. (1998). Semisynthesis of cytotoxic proteins using a modified protein splicing element. *Protein. Sci.* 7, 2256–2264.
- Watanabe, T., Ito, Y., Yamada, T., Hasmimoto, M., Sekine, S. and Tanaka, H. (1994). The role of the C-terminal domain and type III domains of chitinase A1 from *Bacillus circulans* WL-12 in chitin degradation. *J. Bacteriol.* 176, 4465–4472.
- Telenti, A., Southworth, M., Alcaide, F., Daugelat, S., Jacobs, W.R. Jr. and Perler, F.B. (1997). The Mycobacterium xenopi GyrA protein splicing element: Characterization of a minimal intein. J. Bacteriol. 179, 6378–6382.

Page 2 (N6707S)

Dubendorff, J.W. and Studier, F.W. (1991).
 Controlling basal expression in an inducible T7 expression system by blocking the target T7 promoter with *lac* repressor. *J. Mol. Biol.* 219, 45–59.

Additional information such as vector sequences and frequently asked questions, are available at www.neb.com.

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U.S. Patent Nos. 5,496,714, 5,834,247

#### References:

- Chong, S., Mersha, F.B., Comb, D.G., Scott, M. E., Landry, D., Vence, L.M., Perler, F.B., Benner, J., Kucera, R.B., Hirvonen, C.A., Pelletier, J.J., Paulus, H. and Xu, M.-Q. (1997). Single-column purification of free recombinant proteins using a self-cleavable affinity tag derived from a protein splicing element. *Gene* 192, 271–281.
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