

# pKLMF-EK Vector



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**N3743S**

**20 µg**      **Lot: 0011210**      **Exp: 10/14**  
**1,000 µg/ml**      **Store at -20°C**

**Description:** The vector pKLMF-EK directs high-level intracellular expression of a recombinant protein fused to the maltose binding protein (MBP) in the yeast *Kluyveromyces lactis*. It is compatible with the *K. lactis* Protein Expression Kit (NEB #E1000). MBP fusion proteins expressed from pKLMF-EK can be affinity purified from cell lysates using Amylose Resin (NEB #E8021). MBP can be removed from purified fusion proteins by digestion with Enterokinase (NEB #P8070).

Vector pKLMF-EK contains the strong *K. lactis*  $P_{LAC4-PBI}$  promoter (1), DNA encoding *E. coli* maltose binding protein (MBP) with a C-terminal enterokinase site, a universal multiple cloning site (MCS), the *K. lactis* *LAC4* transcription terminator (TT), and a fungal acetamidase selectable marker gene (amdS) expressed from the yeast ADH1 promoter ( $P_{ADH1}$ ). An *E. coli* replication origin (ori) and ampicillin resistance gene ( $Amp^R$ ) is present for propagation of pKLMF-EK in *E. coli*. SacII linearized pKLMF-EK integrates into the *LAC4* locus of the *K. lactis* genome upon transformation of *K. lactis* competent cells.

The sequence of the pKLMF-EK vector (GenBank #FJ010196) and additional pKLMF-EK information are available at [www.neb.com](http://www.neb.com).

**Source:** pKLMF-EK is isolated from *E. coli* strain ER2268 by a standard DNA purification procedure.

Supplied in: 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5) and 1 mM EDTA .

## Features of pKLMF-EK

- $P_{LAC4-PBI}$  promoter does not express in *E. coli* allowing toxic genes to be cloned prior to their expression in yeast.
- Universal MCS lies downstream of DNA encoding MBP and  $P_{LAC4-PBI}$  promoter.
- Acetamidase expression for non-antibiotic selection in *K. lactis*.
- Ampicillin resistance for propagation in *E. coli*.

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GAATTGTGAGCGATAACAAGCTAACACTTGAATTTAGGAAAGAGCAGAATTGGCAA
HindIII
AAAAAATAAAAAAAAAAACACACATACTCATCGAGAACGTTGCCACCATGAAAATG
M K T

AAGAAGGTAACCTGTAATCTGGATTAACGGCGATAAAGGCATAACGGTCTCGTGAAG
E E G K L V I W I N G D K G Y N G L A E

TCGGAAGAAATTTCGAGAAAGATACCGGAATTAAAGTCACCGTTGAGCATCCGGATAAC
V G K K F E K D T G I K V T V E H P D K

TGGAAGAGAAATTCCCACAGGTTGGCGCAACTGGCGATGGCCCTGACATTATCTCTGG
L E E K F P Q V A A T G D G P D I I F W

CACAGACCCTTGGTGGTACGCTCAATCTGGCTGTTGGCTGAAATACCCCGACA
A H D R F G G Y A Q S G L L A E I T P D

AAGCGTTCCAGGACAAGCTGCTATCCGTTACCTGGGATGCCGTACGTTAACACGGCAAGC
K A F Q D K L Y P F T W D A V R Y N G K

TGATTGCTTACCGATCGCTGTTGAAAGCTGTTACCTGGGATGCCGTACGTTAACACGGCAAGC
L I A Y P I A V E A L S L I Y N K D L L

CGAACCCGCCAAAACCTGGGAAGAGATCCCGCGCTGGATAAAGAACTGAAAGCGAAAG
P N P P K T W E E I P A L D K E L K A K

GTAAGAGCGCGCTGATGTCACCTGCAAGAACCGTACTTCACCTGGCGCTGATTGCTG
G K S A L M F N L Q E P Y F T W P L I A

CTGACGGGGTTATCGCTTCAAGTATGAAAACCGCAAGTACGACATTAAGACGTTGGCG
A D G G Y A F K Y E N G K Y D I K D V G

TGGATAACCGCTGGCGCAAAGCGGGCTGACCTCTGGTGGCTGATTAAAAACAAAC
V D N A G A K A G L T F L V D L I K N K

ACATGAATCGACACCGGTTACTCCATCGCAGAACGTCGCTTAATAAAGCGAACAG
H M N A D T D Y S T A E A A F N K G E T

CGATGACCATCAACGGCCGGCATGGTCAACATCGACACCGCAAAGTGAATTATG
A M T I N G P W A W S N I D T S K V N Y

GTGTAACCGGACTGCGACCTTCAGGGTCAACCATCCAACCGTCTGGCGTGTGA
G V T V L P T F K G Q P S K P F V G V L

GCGCAGGTATAACGCCGCACTGGCAACAAAGAGCTGGCAAAGAGTTCTCGAAAACT
S A G I N A A S P N K E L A K E F L E N

ATCTGCTGACTGATGAAGGCTGGAAGCGGTTAAATAAGACAAACCGTGGGTGGCGTAG
Y L L T D E G L E A V N K D K P L G A V

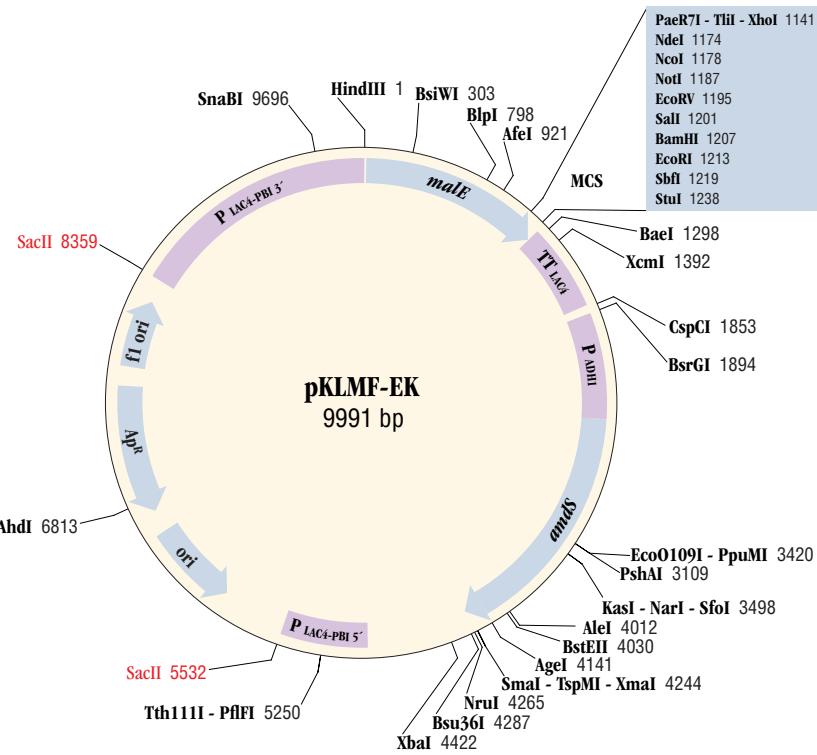
CGCTGAAGTCTTACGAGGAAGAGTTGGCGAAAGATCCACGTATTGGCGCCACTATGGAAA
A L K S Y E E E L A K D P R I A A T M E

ACGCCAGAGAAAGTGAATCATGCCAACATCCCGAGATGTCGCTTCTGGTATGCCG
N A Q K G E I M P N I P Q M S A F W Y A

TGCCTACTCGGGTGTACACGCCGAGCGCTGTCAGACTGTCGATGAAGCCGTAAAG
V R T A V I N A A S G R Q T V D E A L K

enterokinase site      XbaI
ACGCGCAGACTAATCGAGCTGGATGACGATGACAAGCTGGAGAAAAGAGAGGGCTGAAG
D A Q T N S S S D D D K L E K R E A E
NdeI   NcoI   NotI   EcoRV   SalI   BamHI   EcoRI   SbfI
CTAGAAAGACTCATATGTCATGGCGCCCGATATCGTCGACGGATCCGAATTCCCTG
A R R A H M S M G G R D I V D G S E F P
StuI
CAGGTAAATTAAAGGCCCTGATCGAGAATTATACTTAGATAAGTATGACTTACA
A G N *
GGTATATTCTATGAGATACTGATGTATACTGATGATAATTTAACGGTTATTAGT
GCCGATTGTCTGTGCGATAATGACGTTCTATCAAAGCAACACTTACCACTTAC

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**pKLMF-EK plasmid map. Unique restriction sites are shown in bold. SacII sites are shown in red.**

**Usage Notes:** For proper integration into the *LAC4* promoter region of the *K. lactis* chromosome, pKLMF-series vectors containing a gene of interest must be linearized with SacII prior to their introduction into *K. lactis* cells. The cloned gene of interest must have no internal SacII sites.

After transformation of *K. lactis* cells by a pKLMF-series vector, its targeted integration into the *LAC4* promoter locus can be confirmed by whole-cell PCR using an adaptation of Optional Methods I and II of the *K. lactis* Protein Expression Kit Instruction Manual (#E1000). In these methods, Integration Primer 2 is a reverse primer that anneals to a specific region of DNA encoding the  $\alpha$ -mating factor secretion leader sequence in pKLAC-series vectors, a region that is absent from pKLMF-series vectors. For assessment of the integration patterns of pKLMF-series vectors, a primer with the sequence 5' d(GTTTACCTTCTCAGTTTCT) 3' should be used in place of the kit's Integration Primer 2 in these protocols (2). Whole cell PCR using this primer in conjunction with either Integration Primer 1 or Integration Primer 3 will each yield a 2.3 kb diagnostic amplicon.

(see other side)  
**CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS**

NEB 5-alpha Competent *E. coli* (High Efficiency) (NEB #C2987), NEB 5-alpha Electrocompetent *E. coli* (NEB #C2989) and NEB 5-alpha Competent *E. coli* (Subcloning Efficiency) (NEB #C2988) are all recommended for propagation and subcloning this vector.

**References:**

1. Colussi, P.A. and Taron, C.H. (2005) *Appl. Environ. Microbiol.*, 71, 7092–7098.
2. Foster, J. et al. (2008) *Parasitol. Res.* In press.

**NOTICE TO BUYER/USER:** The vector pKLMF-EK is a component of an expression system that was developed from basic research at New England Biolabs, Inc. and DSM Biologics Company B.V. The buyer/user has a non-exclusive sublicense to use this system or any component thereof, including vector pKLMF-EK, for **RESEARCH PURPOSES ONLY**. A license to use this system for manufacture of clinical grade material or commercial purposes is available from New England Biolabs, Inc., or DSM Biologics Company B.V.

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